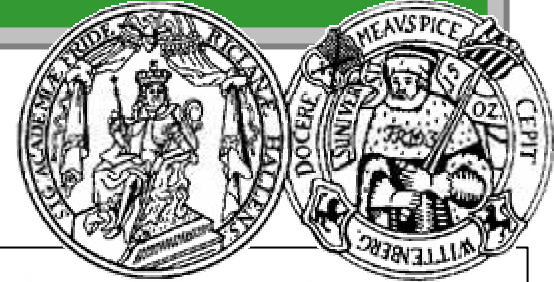


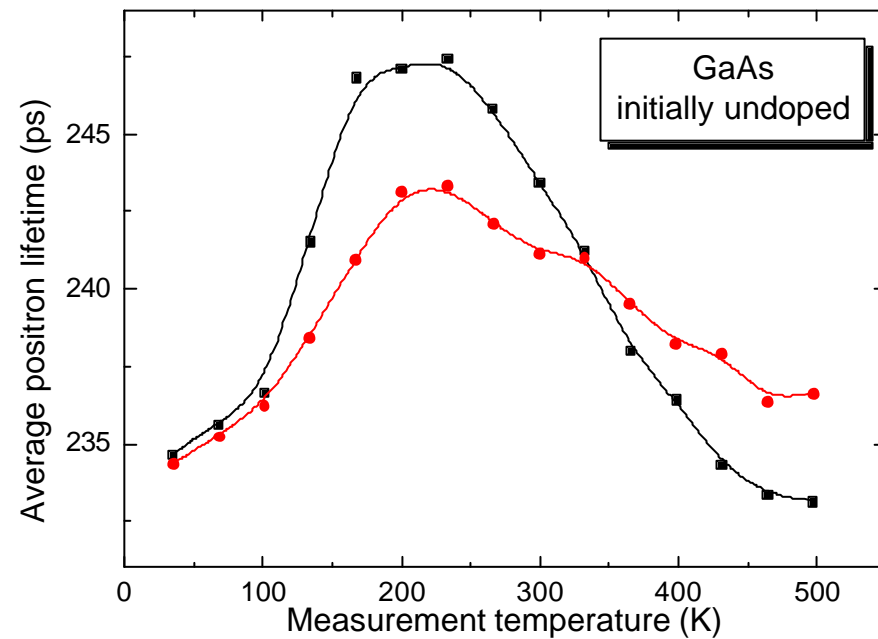
On the temperature dependence of positron trapping in semiconductors

V. Bondarenko

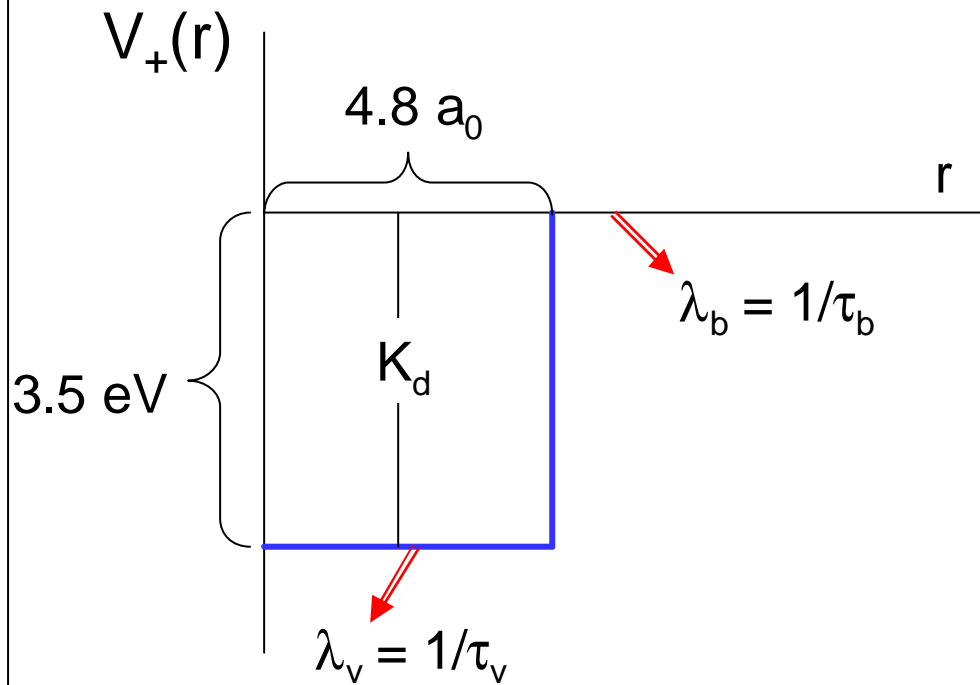


Outlook:

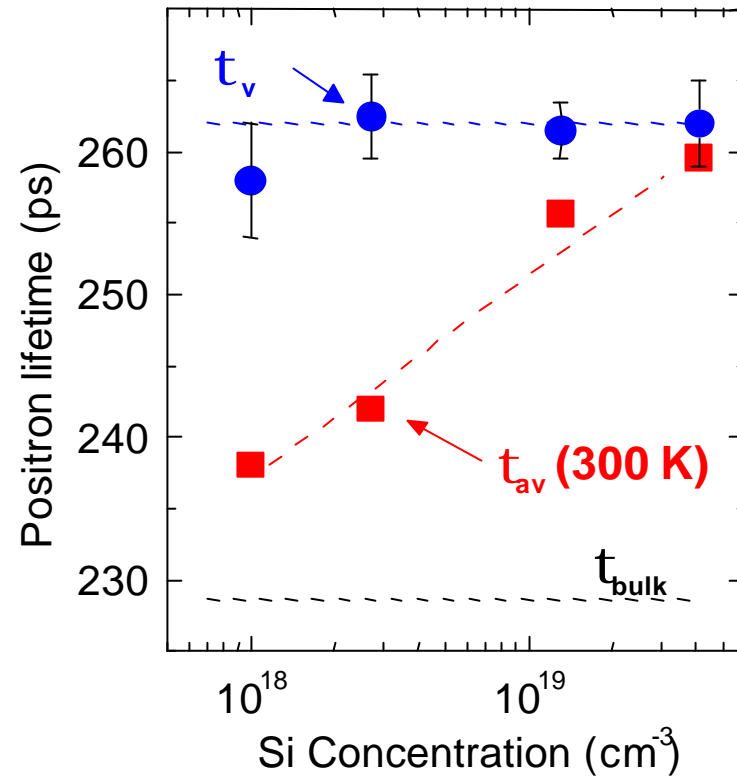
- Why T-dependent?
- Model
- Problems and discussion



Trapping into a vacancy



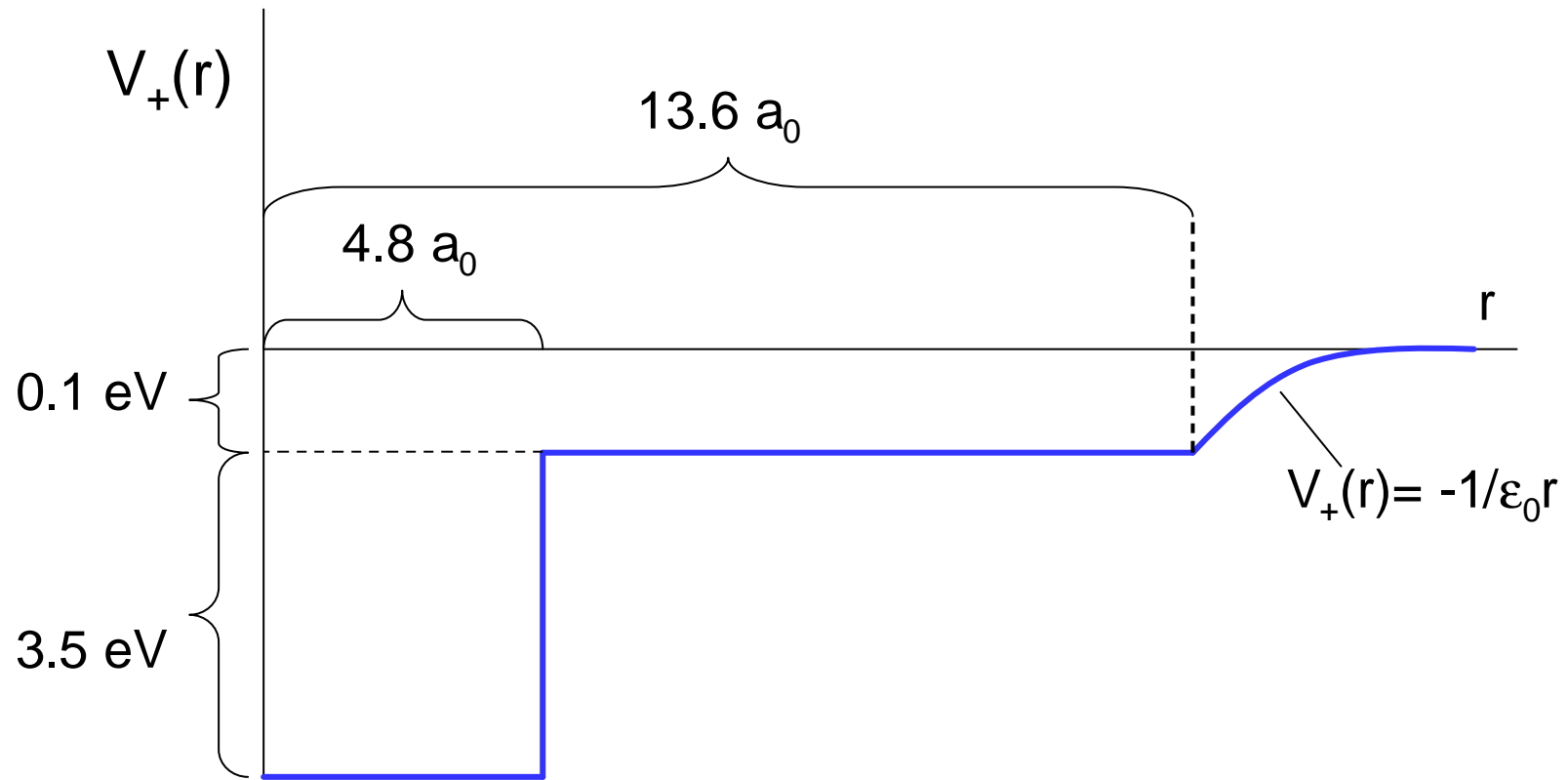
$$K_d = m_d C_d = \frac{1}{t_b} \frac{(t_{av} - t_b)}{(t_d - t_{av})}$$



(J. Gebauer et al. 1997)



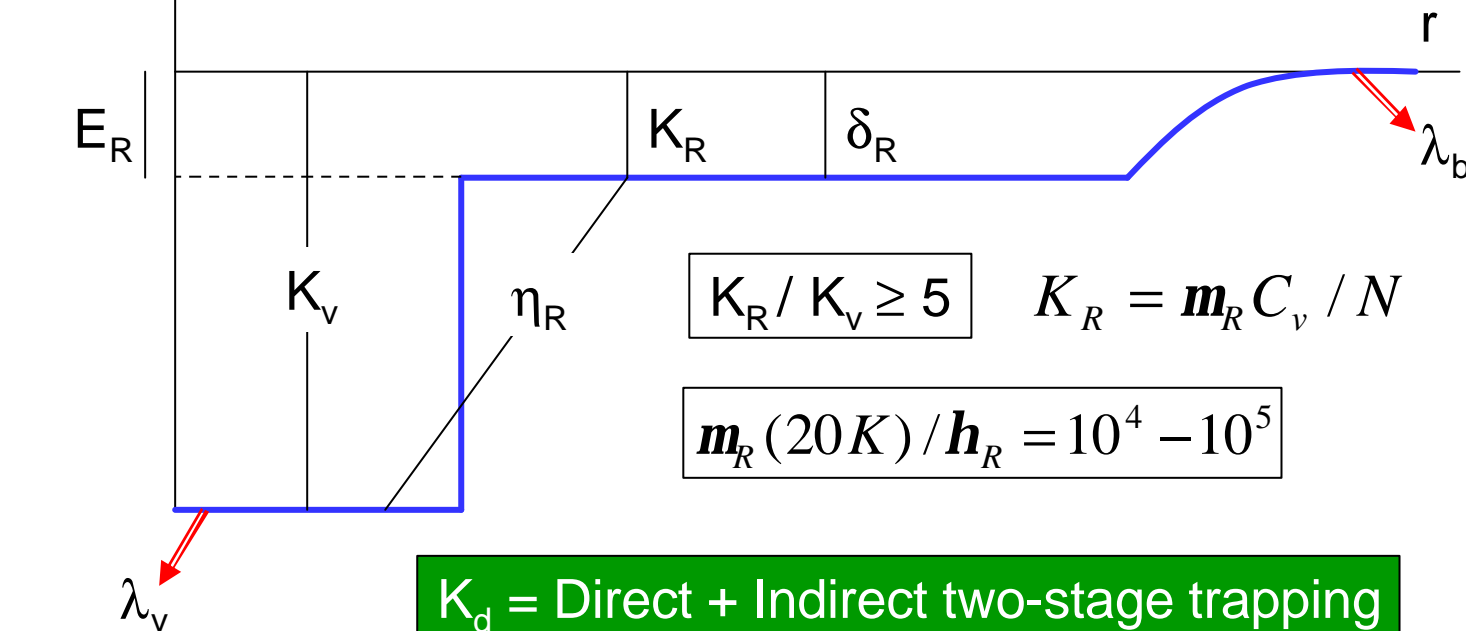
Negative vacancy



Two-stage trapping model

$$\frac{d_R}{K_R} = \frac{1}{C_v} \left[\frac{m_+ k_b T}{2p\hbar^2} \right]^{3/2} \exp\left[-\frac{E_R}{k_b T}\right]$$

Density of positron states per unit volume



Temperature dependence

$$K_d = K_v + \frac{K_R}{1 + \frac{m_R}{N h_R} \left[\frac{m_+ k_b T}{2 p \hbar^2} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{E_R}{k_b T} \right]}$$

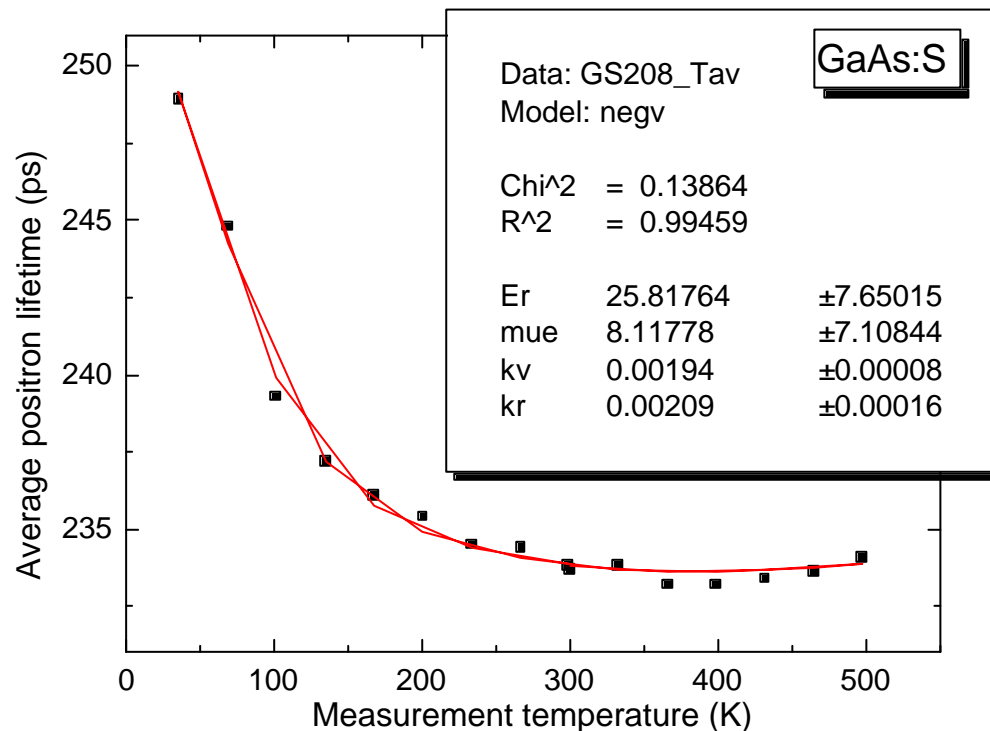
$$K_R = m_R C_v / N$$

$$K_d = K_v (20K) \left[\frac{T}{20K} \right]^{-1/2} + \frac{K_R \left[\frac{T}{20K} \right]^{-1/2}}{1 + \frac{m_R}{N h_R} \left[\frac{T}{20K} \right]^{-1/2} \left[\frac{m_+ k_b T}{2 p \hbar^2} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{E_R}{k_b T} \right]}$$

Temperature dependence – negative vacancy

$$K_d = m_d C_d = \frac{1}{t_b} \frac{(t_{av} - t_b)}{(t_d - t_{av})}$$

$$t_{av} = t_b \frac{1 + K_d t_v}{1 + K_d t_b}$$



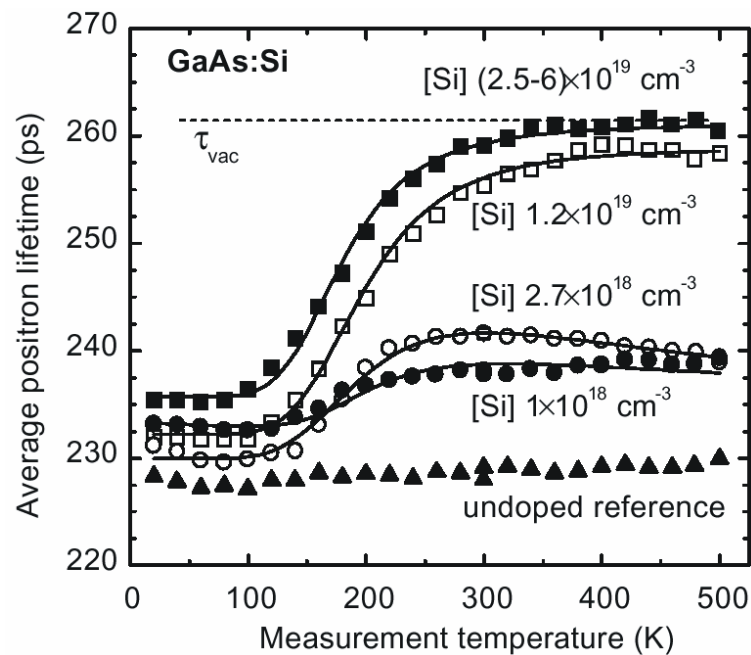
$$m_v(20 K) = 1.5 \times 10^{16} s^{-1}$$

$$C_v = 5.7 \times 10^{15} cm^{-3}$$

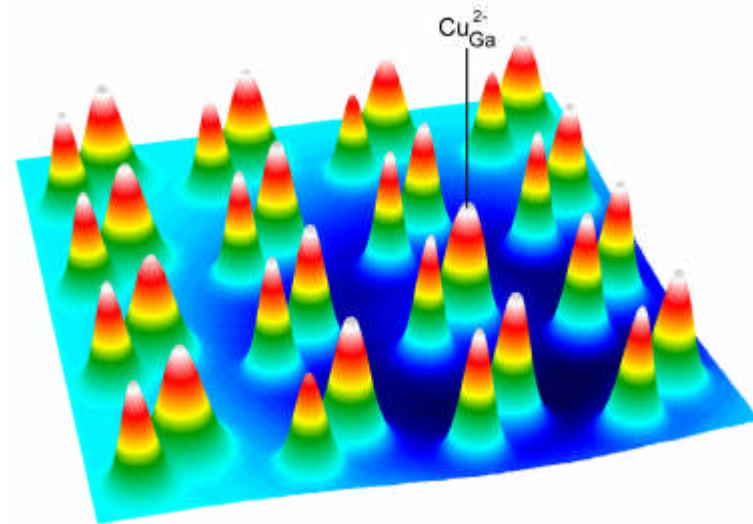


Positron trapping – shallow traps

- negative ions are also positron trapping centers due to small negative Coulomb potential



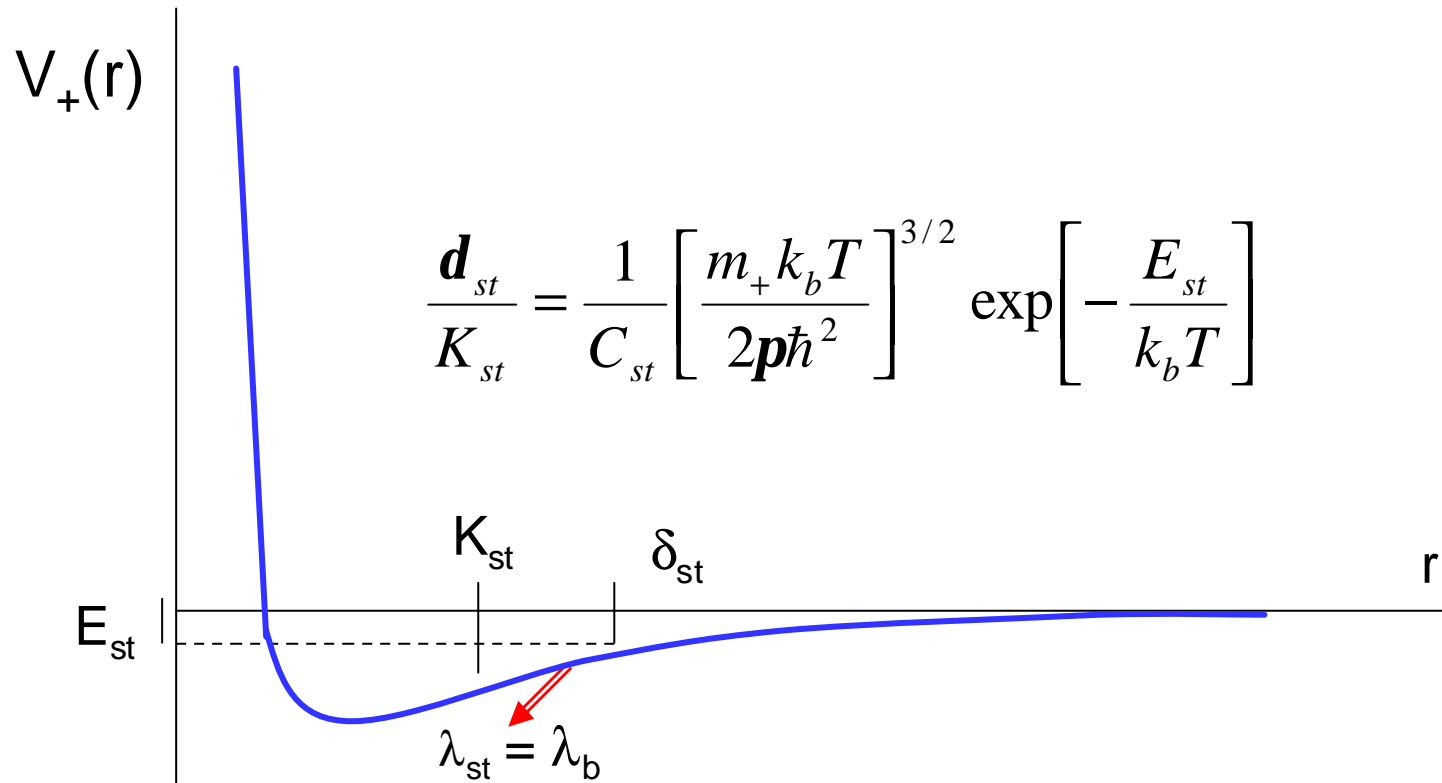
(J. Gebauer et al. 1997)



- term shallow relates to the positron binding energy (few meV). Therefore the trapping is significant at low temperatures only
- the electron density is not reduced:

$$t_{st} = t_b$$

Positron shallow traps



Trapping model: negative vacancy + shallow trap

$$t_{av} = t_d \frac{(\mathbf{l}_d + K_d) \left[\frac{\mathbf{l}_{st}}{K_{st}} + \frac{\mathbf{d}_{st}}{K_{st}} \right] + \mathbf{l}_d}{(\mathbf{l}_b + K_d) \left[\frac{\mathbf{l}_{st}}{K_{st}} + \frac{\mathbf{d}_{st}}{K_{st}} \right] + \mathbf{l}_{st}}$$

7 Parameters

(enough to fit a Chinese font):

E_r

E_{st}

$K_v(20K)$

$K_r(20K)$

$K_{st}(20K)$

$\mathbf{m}_R(20K) / \mathbf{h}_R$

C_{st}

But there are some constraints:

$$K_v(20K) = \mathbf{m}_v(20K) C_v / N$$

$$K_{st}(20K) = \mathbf{m}_{st}(20K) C_{st} / N$$

$$\mathbf{m}_R(20K) / \mathbf{h}_R = 10^4 - 10^5$$

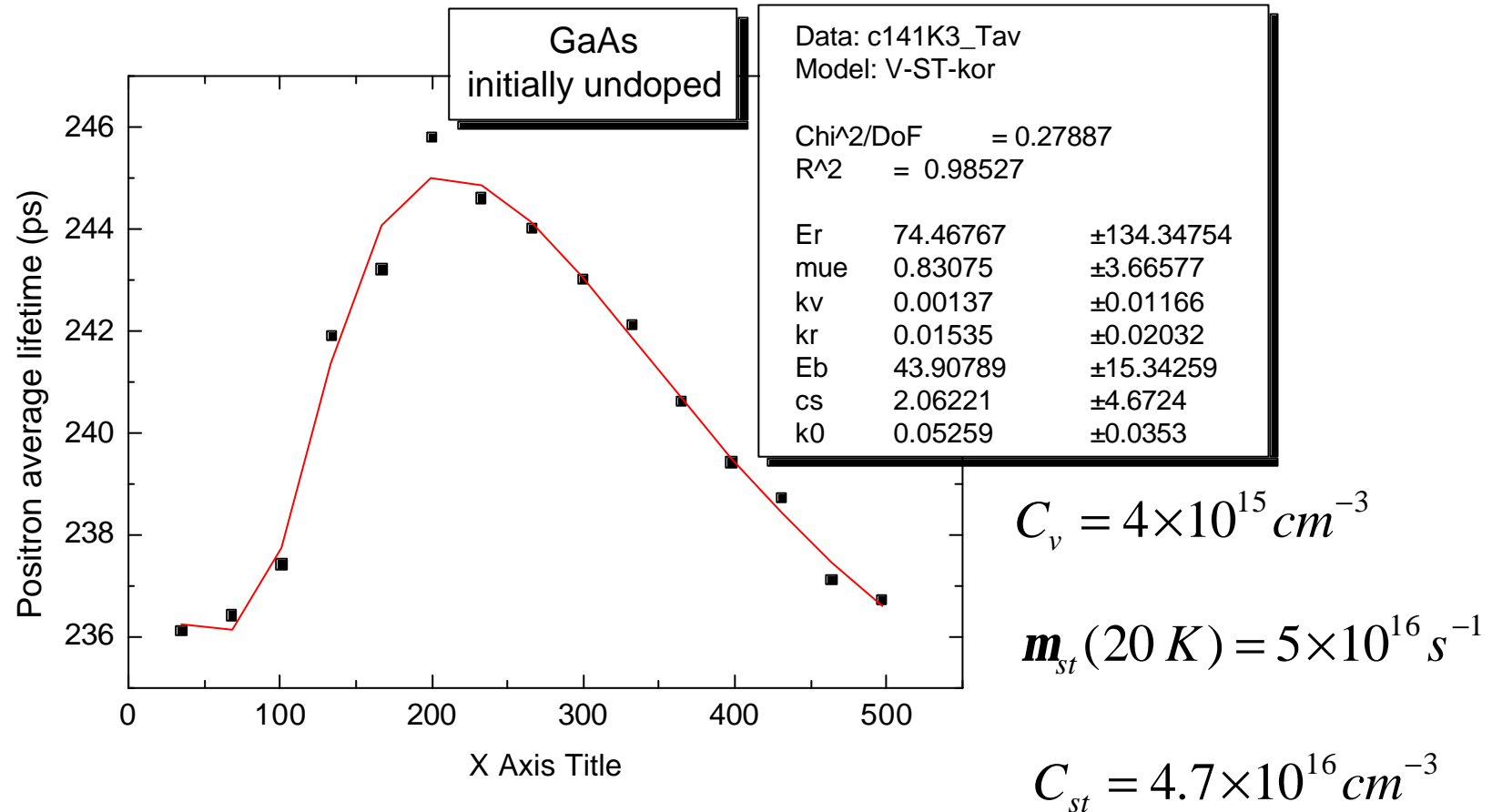
$$\mathbf{m}_v(20K) = 1.5 \times 10^{16} s^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{m}_{st}(20K) = 5 \times 10^{16} s^{-1}$$

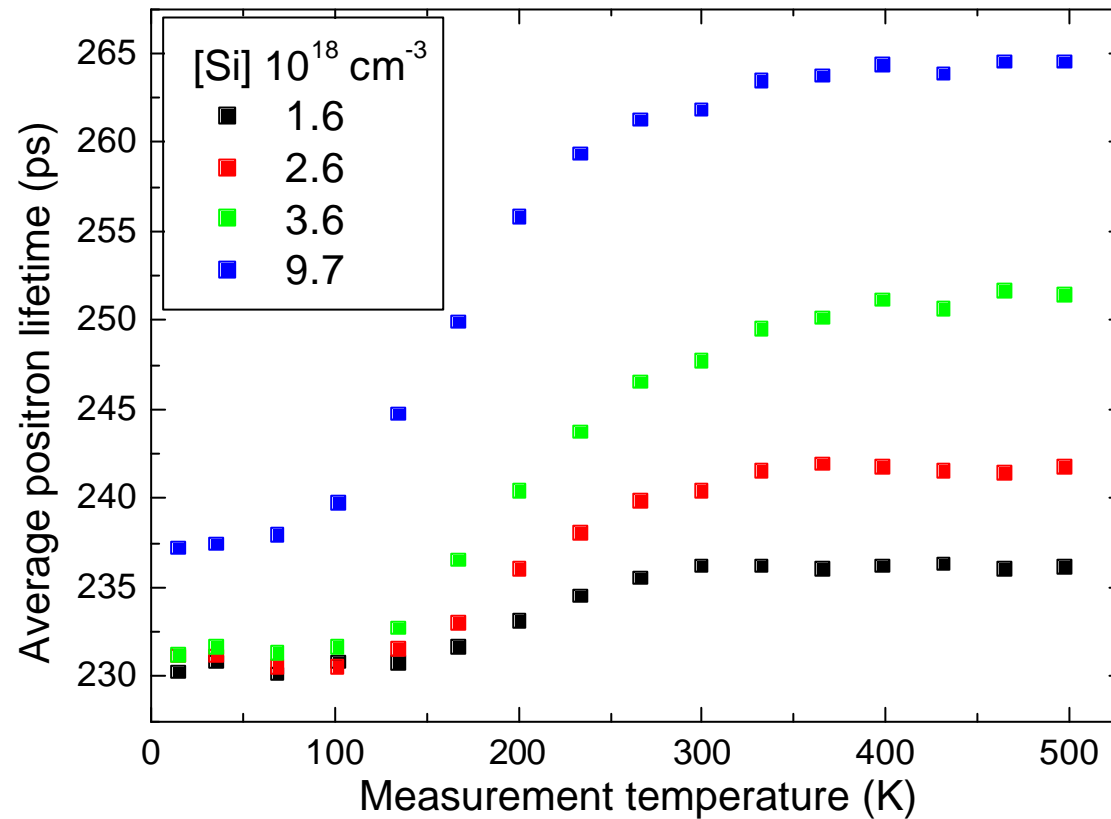
(J. Gebauer et al. 1997)



Undoped GaAs – negative vacancy + shallow traps



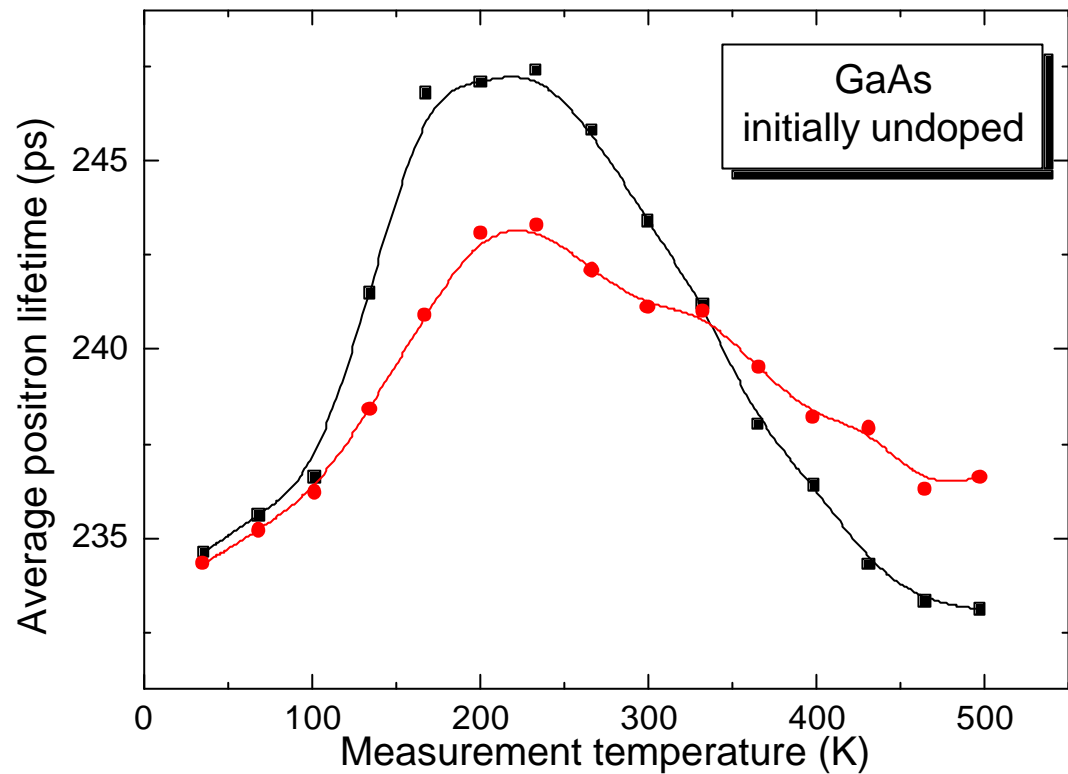
GaAs:Si - problematic fitting



$(\text{Si}_{\text{Ga}} \text{V}_{\text{Ga}})^{2-}$ complex
but:
no decrease of τ_{av}
characteristic for
negative vacancy

Fit gives unreasonably high concentrations of shallow traps

Sensitivity to the defects charge state?



Presented model does not differentiate between $-e$, $-2e$ or $-3e$ charge states

further developments are needed